

THE WOODSIDE CURRICULUM

CURRICULUM MAP 2022 – 2023

INTENT: To create a personalised curriculum that promotes a love of learning; provides breadth of knowledge and skills; that is enriching and supportive and seeks to bridge the cultural knowledge gap in order to provide a platform for our students to succeed in whatever they aspire to do.

,	Year 10	AUTUMN TERM		SPRING TERM		SUMMER TERM		
	rear 10	TERM 1A	TERM 1B	TERM 2A	TERM 2B	TERM 3A	TERM 3B	
	KNOWLEDGE	Shakespeare: Macbeth		Modern Text: /	An Inspector Calls	GCSE Power and	d Conflict Poetry	
							per 1 and 2-Identity med	
Sh		CCCC Language Day and				Power and Conflict po GCSE Language Spoker	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
nglisl	SKILLS	GCSE Language Paper 1		GCSE Lang	uage Paper 1	GCSE Langu	age Paper 2	
卫		Language Paper 1 Section A		Language Pa	Language Paper 1 Section B		Language Paper 2 Section B GCSE Language Spoken Language Assessment	
Maths	KNOWLEDGE	Congruence, similarity and enlargement, Trigonometry	Representing solutions of equations and inequalities, Simultaneous equations	Angles and bearings, Working with circles, Vectors	Ratios and fractions, Percentage and interest, Probability	Collecting, representing and interpreting data, Non-calculator methods	Types of number and sequences, Indices and roots,	
\geq	SKILLS	<u>Revisit</u>	<u>Revisit</u>	<u>Revisit</u>	<u>Revisit</u>	<u>Revisit</u>	<u>Revisit</u>	
		Enlarge a shape by a	Form and solve one	Use cardinal directions,	Compare quantities using a	Construct and	Understand the	
		positive integer scale	and two step	draw and interpret scale	ratio, Link ratios and	interpret pie charts,	difference between	
		factor, Enlarge a shape	equations, Form and		fractions, Share in a ratio,	time series graphs,	factors and	

by a fractional scale factor, use parallel line rules to work out missing angles, Pythagoras' Theorem

Core

Identify similar shapes, work out missing sides and angles in a given pair of similar shapes, Similar triangles, Difference between congruence and similarity, Conditions for congruent triangles, Trigonometric ratios to find missing sides and angles

Higher

Enlarge a shape by a negative scale factor, areas and volumes of similar shapes, Prove a pair of triangles are similar shapes, Trigonometry in 3-D shapes, Find the area of triangles using A=1/2abSinC, Sine and cosine rule solve one and two step inequalities, Draw straight line graphs, Form and solve equations with unknowns on both sides, derive related facts from a given equation

Core

Show solutions to an inequality on a number line. Find solutions to equations on straight line graphs. Form and solve inequalities with unknowns on both sides. Form and solve more complex equations and inequalities, Solve a pair of linear simultaneous equations by elimination. substitution and graphically

<u>Higher</u>

Represent solutions to inequalities using set notation, Represent solutions to single and multiple inequalities on a graph, Solve quadratic equations by factorisation, Solve quadratic inequalities in one variable, Solve a

diagrams, Recognise and label parts of a circle

Core

Understand, represent, measure and read bearings, make scale drawings of bearings, calculate bearings using angle rules, Solve bearings using Pythagoras and trigonometry, Calculate fractional parts of a circle. Calculate arc length and sector area, Understand and use the volume and surface area of a cylinder, cone and sphere, Understand and represent vectors, Use and read vector notation. Draw and understand vectors addition and subtraction of vectors and those multiplied by a scalar

<u>Higher</u>

Solve bearings using the sine and cosine rules,
Circle theorems, Area and volume problems of similar shapes, Explore vector journeys in shapes,
Understand parallel vectors, Use vectors to construct geometric arguments and proofs

Link ratios and scales, Convert and compare fractions, decimals and percentages, Work out percentages of amounts, Increase and decrease by a given percentage, Express a number as a percentage of another, Find the original value after a percentage change, Add, subtract and multiply fractions, Find probabilities using equally likely outcomes, Use the property that probabilities sum to 1. Construct and interpret sample spaces, Construct and interpret two-way tables

Core

Use ratios and fractions to make comparisons, Link ratios and graphs, Solve problems with currency conversion, Use and interpret ratios of the form 1:n and n:1, Solve best buy problems, Combine a set of ratios, Link ratio and Algebra, Calculate simple and compound interest, repeated percentage change, Solve problems involving growth and decay, Solve problems involving percentages, ratios and fractions, Use experimental data to estimate probabilities, Find

scatter graphs, Find and interpret averages from a list and averages from a table, Draw and use a line of best fit. Mental/written methods of integer/decimal addition and subtraction. Fractional arithmetic. Rounding to decimal places and significant figures, Estimating answers to accuracy

<u>Core</u> Understand

populations and samples, primary and secondary data, Construct and interpret frequency tables and frequency polygons, line and bar charts, stem-and-leaf diagrams, Criticise graphs and charts, Compare distributions using charts and measures. Understand extrapolation, Mental/written methods of integer/decimal multiplication and division. Exact answers to trigonometric calculations,

multiples, Understand primes and express a number as a product of its prime factors, Find the HCF and LCM, Find the rule for the nth term of a linear sequence, Square and cube numbers. Powers of ten and standard form, Addition and subtraction rule of indices. Calculate with numbers in standard form

Core

Describe and continue arithmetic and geometric sequences, Explore other sequences, Calculate higher powers and roots, Understand and use the power zero and negative indices, work with powers

<u>Higher</u>

Describe and continue and sequence involving surds, Find the rule for the nth term of a quadratic sequence

		pair of simultane equations (linear quadratic) algebraically a graphically	d diagrams trees proba independ tree d indep depen Ration in a problem iterativ Construc condition using tree diagrams	ties from Venn and frequency , Calculate bilities with ent events, Use iagrams for endent and dent events Higher Construct a stratified sample, Construct and interpret Histograms, s, Understand e processes, t and interpret al probabilities diagrams, Venn s and two-way tables Understand and use limits of accuracy, Solve financial maths problems, Higher Construct a stratified sample, Construct and interpret Histograms, cumulative frequency diagrams, box plots, Rational and irrational numbers, Understand, use and calculate with surds, Upper and lower bounds
Science	KNOWLEDGE	Chemistry Paper 1: Unit 1: Atomic Structure Empirical and Molecular formulae Periodic Table Ionic Bonding Electrolysis Unit 2: Covalent Bonding Metallic Bonding Metal Extraction and Recycling Unit 3: Particle Model Separating Techniques Solution Calculations Calculations with Moles Dynamic Equilibrium Acids and Alkalis	Physics Paper 1: Unit 1: Vectors and Scalars Speed, Velocity, and Acceleration Newton's Laws of Motion Momentum Unit 2: Energy Stores and Transfers Energy Efficiency Kinetic and Gravitational Potential Energy Resources Unit 3: Properties of waves Wave speeds Refraction Electromagnetic Spectrum Use and Dangers of the Electromagunit 4: Atomic Structure Background Radiation Radioactive Decay	 The Nervous System and Reflexes DNA Inheritance and Variation Unit 3: Theory of Evolution by Natural Selection Classification

		 Types of Radiation Half-Life Hazards of Radioactivity 	 Pathogens Barriers to Infection Immune System Response Antibiotics
SKILLS	Practical skills: Lab safety Identifying risks and hazards Use of a Bunsen burner Manipulating lab equipment Planning an experiment Writing conclusions Evaluating results Evaluating experimental techniques Mathematical skills: Calculations and rearranging equations Using standard form Significant figures and decimal places Calculations using moles (H) Calculating numbers of subatomic particles Use of percentages in calculating relative atomic mass (Ar) and percentage composition Use of ratios in calculating empirical and molecular formulae Use of positive and negative numbers in relation to ions Use of logarithmic scales (pH scale) Literacy Skills Meanings and use of words that are central to understanding scientific concepts Identifying common prefixes and suffixes to decode keywords	Practical skills: • Manipulating lab equipment • Measuring accurately • Planning an experiment • Writing conclusions • Evaluating results • Evaluating experimental techniques • Using a data logger Mathematical skills: • Calculations and rearranging equations • Use of mathematical symbols (e.g. delta, Δ) • Unit conversions and the use of SI prefixes • Using standard form • Significant figures and decimal places • Drawing half-life graphs Literacy Skills • Meanings and use of words that are central to understanding scientific concepts Identifying common prefixes and suffixes to decode keywords	Practical skills: Lab safety Identifying and managing biological hazards Use of a microscope Manipulating lab equipment Planning an experiment Writing conclusions Evaluating results Evaluating experimental techniques Mathematical skills: Calculations and rearranging equations Using standard form Unit conversions and the use of SI prefixes Significant figures and decimal places Identifying anomalies Drawing graphs Identifying and describing trends Rate calculations Literacy Skills Meanings and use of words that are central to understanding scientific concepts Identifying common prefixes and suffixes to decode keywords

History	KNOWLEDGE	Crime and Punishment (1000-1700)	Crime and Punishment (1700-present day)	Crime and Punishment (1700-present day)	Crime and punishment: Historic Environment; Whitechapel 1880's And Elizabeth I	Germany 1918-39 (Weimar Republic and the early development of the Nazi Party)	Germany 1918-39 (Weimar Republic and the early development of the Nazi Party)
Hist	SKILLS	Thematic study; Chronology	Thematic study; Evidence	Thematic study; Evidence	(Religious Settlements and Mary Queen of Scots) Thematic study; Interpretations And Depth study; key features	Modern Depth Causation and consequence	Modern Depth Causation and consequence
Geography	KNOWLEDGE	How is the global pattern of urbanisation changing? What does rapid urbanisation mean for cities?	Changing Climate What evidence is there to suggest climate change is a natural process? Why is climate change a global issue? Global Hazards How do plate tectonics shape our world? How can weather be hazardous?	Dynamic Development Why are some countries richer than others? Are LIDCs likely to stay poor?	Distinctive Landscapes What makes a landscape distinctive? What influence the landscape of the UK?	Sustaining Ecosystems. Why are natural ecosystems important? Whys should tropical rainforests matter to us? Is there more to polar environments than ice?	UK in the 21st Century How is the UK changing in the 21st Century? Is the UK losing its global significance? Fieldwork 1 – Walton on the Naze

	SKILLS	Interpretation of maps and graphs. Investigating the consequences of urbanisation on two countries at different stages of development	Interpretation of past climate data and projected climate change data. Analysis of data to suggest reasons for patterns and trends. Analysing impacts of climate change on a national and global scale. Investigating and analysing a range of data to justify the impacts of tectonic hazards.	Analysis of maps to describe patterns of development. Locational knowledge of one LIDC – Ethiopia.	Interpretation of photos, maps, graphs and diagrams. Investigation of physical and human processes that influence the shape of the landscape.	Interpretation and analysis of resources. Investigating global impacts on vulnerable ecosystems.	Interpretation of a variety of resources. Investigating the characteristics of the UK. Calculating percentage changes. Developing research and analysis skills to reach valid and justified conclusions.
French	KNOWLEDGE	Module 1: Qui suis-je? friends and what makes a good friend, family relationships, making arrangements to go out, a night out with friends, your life when you were younger Cultural capital: Figures in French History: Napoléon Bonaparte, Marie- Antoinette and Victor Hugo	Module 2: Le temps des loisirs sport, life online, books and reading, TV programmes, actors and films Cultural capital: Le Festival de Cannes	Module 3: Jours ordinaires, jours de fête daily life, food for special occasions, using polite language, family celebrations Cultural capital: Le Carnaval en Guadeloupe	Module 5:Le grand large an ideal holiday, booking and reviewing hotels, in a restaurant, travelling, buying souvenirs, holiday disasters Cultural capital: Le souk: the market in an Arab town	Module 4: De la ville á la campagne a region, your town, village or district, what to see and do, plans and the weather, community projects Cultural capital: A French region: Provence	Mock exam preparation mock exam, including oral feedback and preparations for yr 11
	SKILLS	-Listening, reading, writing, speaking and translation -Grammar: irregular verbs in the present tense, reflexive verbs in the present tense, the near future tense, the perfect tense, the imperfect tense	-Listening, reading, writing, speaking and translation -Grammar: depuis + the present tense, the comparative, more practice of the imperfect tense, direct object pronouns (le,la,les)	-Listening, reading, writing, speaking and translation -Grammar: pouvoir and devoir, the pronoun en, asking questions tu and vous forms, venir de + infinitive, a combination of tenses	-Listening, reading, writing, speaking and translation -Grammar: the conditional, reflexive verbs in the present tense, en + present participle, avant de + infinitive, demonstrative adjectives and pronouns	-Listening, reading, writing, speaking and translationGrammar: the pronoun y, negatives, asking questions using quell/quelle/quells/quelles, the future	

						tense, present and perfect tense	
Spanish	KNOWLEDGE	Module 1 - ¡Desconéctate! holidays and weather, summer activities and holiday preferences, what you did on holiday, accommodation and problems in a hotel. An account of a holiday using 3 tenses Cultural capital: Summer camps in Mexico	Module 4 - Intereses e influencias free time activities, TV programmes and films, sports, what's trending, types of entertainment and role models Cultural capital: Rigoberta Menchú: a noble price winner from Guatemala	Module 3 - Mi gente socialising and family, descriptions, social networks, reading preferences and friends Cultural capital: A Spanish city: Salamanca and a Spanish author: Miguel de Cervantes	Module 6 - De costumbre mealtimes, typical foods, restaurants, festivals and special days, illnesses and injuries, music festivals Cultural capital: La Tomatina: a Spanish festival	Module 5 - Ciudades places in town, directions, regions and shops, features of a region, planning what to do, shopping for clothes and presents, problems in a town Cultural capital: Perú: a Latinamerican country	Mock exam preparation mock exam, including oral feedback and preparations for yr 11
	SKILLS	-Listening, reading, writing, speaking and translation. -Grammar: present and preterit, opinions and percentages, imperfect tense, meaning of new words, using 3 tenses together	Reading: identifying correct statements about a text, using the imperfect and perfect tenses, listening for different tenses, adapting model dialogues. Idioms -Grammar: SOLER+ infinitive	-Writing: improving extended writing -Grammar: present tense and present continuous	-Reading and writing: inferring meaning in literary texts, adding interest when narrating a story -Grammar: the passive voice, avoiding the passive	-Reading: future tense, synonyms and antonyms, recognising and using idioms -Grammar: asking and responding to questions, future tense	
D&T	KNOWLEDGE	The impact of new technologies. Evaluating new and emerging. Technologies to inform design decisions.	Smart and composite materials. Mechanical devices used to produce movement. Mini Design project – Desk organiser	Electronic systems. Ferrous and non-ferrous metals. Using communication techniques to present design ideas.	Paper and boards for modelling Thermoforming and thermosetting polymers.	Natural and manufactured timbers. Challenges that influence the processes of design.	Professionals and companies to inform design. Use of different design strategies.

		Mini Design project – Desk organiser (Design and Make) Mock NEA	(Design and make) Timbers Mock NEA	Mini Design project – Desk organiser (Design and Make) Timbers Mock NEA	Mock NEA	Mock NEA	
	SKILLS	Develop a Design Brief. Develop Product Specification. Understand primary and secondary sources. What is a design Strategy?	Understand consumer needs. Understand relevant materials, processes and techniques. Be able to develop analysis of a design idea. What is a prototype?	Competent evaluation of design ideas. Refinement. How research can be used to refine designs. Be able to select materials. Understand material properties.	Be able to use calculations to determine all material quantities. Model making Iterative design process Be able to communicate ideas. Be able to use CAD/CAM. Evaluations skills.	Making Skills. Competent use of tools and machines. Evaluation skills.	Making skills. Work safely.
Food Technology	KNOWLEDGE	Nutritional needs and health The reasons why food is cooked • the different methods of heat transfer the scientific principles underlying these processes when preparing and cooking food • The working characteristics, functional and chemical properties off foods.	Microorganisms in food production The signs of food spoilage Microorganisms and enzymes Buying and storing food Functional and chemical properties of foods	Factors affecting food choice. British and international cuisines Religion Food labelling Pasta origins and types Bread sweet and savoury	Environmental impact and sustainability of food Food processing and production Technological developments to support better health and food production including fortification and modified foods with health benefits and the effect of these.	The importance of sensory evaluation Industrial use of testing methods. Analysing and evaluating Product development Using data to support evidence - preparation for NEA1	Practice Nea1 10 hour summative Function and science investigation Practice NEA2 Student initiated practice coursework in line with AQA choices
J.	SKILLS	Selection of appropriate preparation, cooking methods and times to achieve desired characteristics. • Consideration of the nutritional needs and food choices when	• the different sources of bacterial contamination • the main types of bacteria which cause food poisoning • the main sources and methods of control of different food poisoning	physical activity level (PAL) & BASAL calories and calorie rich foods • celebration/occasion • cost of food • preferences • enjoyment • food availability • healthy eating • income •	where and how ingredients are grown, reared and caught Environmental issues associated with and the impact of food and food security on local and global markets and communities.	Modifying recipes tailored to needs: reduced sugar, fat Baking to replace frying monitoring effects recording as a profile (grading, panel testing)	Planning and preparing investigations ways of recording and presenting specialised knowledge through specific cooking

		selecting recipes, including when making decisions about the ingredients, processes, cooking methods and portion sizes. • To plan, prepare, cook, modify, and create recipes to meet different dietary groups and life stages	bacteria types • the general symptoms of food poisoning. Understanding the effects of enzymes	lifestyles • seasonality • time of day • time available to prepare/ cook. Students should have the opportunity to prepare and cook recipes from a range of countries and cuisines, using different equipment and cooking methods. • Skills demonstrated will be relevant to the task selected and demonstrate food preparation and cooking skills. Home made past – hand formed & machined Bread methods, types, cooking methods. Science of bread	primary and secondary stages of processing and production. how processing affects the sensory and nutritional properties of ingredients sell buy and use by cheese/yogurt making	Making food presentable-decoration, presentation, garnishingglazing, shaping, forming	experiments, trials and modifications Planning preparing and cooking a three dish meal from a historical AQA preset option choice Several dishes cooked at once to dovetail and create a plan analyse and evaluate
Art	KNOWLEDGE	Natural Forms Introduction to GCSE, expectations, re-cap of the Formal Elements, mind map, mark making, line & tonal drawing, oil pastel, painting, textures, observational drawing. Analysing using art vocabulary & Formal	Natural Forms V Manmade. Artist analysis, copy & interpretation. Intro to Assessment Objectives, evaluating & refining, self/peer reflection. Continuous line drawing, oil pastel	Natural Forms V Manmade. Combination of interpretations. Development of ideas. Experimentation of media. Final piece plan. Written Evaluation. How to combine a range of interpretations,	Portraits/Identity. Mind Map, Artist analysis & copy. Exploring identity. Planning a composition. Drawing faces using proportions.	Portraits / Identity. Developing analysis & response skills. Facial proportions. Self Portrait using drawing grid. Facial Features & colour mixing. Painting, observational drawing. Portrait Workshop (6 + artists). National Portrait Gallery visit (TBC). Mood Board on own identity to	Portraits / Identity. Combination of interpretations. Development of ideas. Experimentation of media. Final piece plan & a final piece in exam conditions: 10 hrs. Written Evaluation. How to combine a range of
		Elements, drawing a mind map, continuous	blending, watercolour	experimenting with different materials,	proportions. Painting facial features using base colours.	understand idea development,	interpretations, experimenting with

		line drawing, oil pastel blending, watercolour painting, drawing on a textured surface, observational drawing, presentation of sketchbook.	painting, drawing on a textured surface, observational drawing, understanding DIRT (Direct Improvement & Reflection Time), how to reflect, refine & improve work to show progress.	reflecting, planning, managing time, developing final piece ideas, realisation of project.	Painting realistic face features using saturation of colour, & variety of skin colour. Producing a self-portrait using a grid. Developing observation & painting skills. Responding to a range of artists in Portrait Workshop.	experimenting with artists' composition methods to develop ideas. Perspective drawing. Gallery visits, reflection & response (TBC).	different materials, reflecting, planning, managing time, developing final piece ideas, realisation of project.
Photography	KNOWLEDGE	Introduction. Introduction to GCSE, expectations, introduce students to a range of short activities related to Photography. They learn a range of basic skills and gain an understanding of technical principles that will enable them to realise and develop their skills and ideas in future projects.	Introduction to Assessment Objectives, evaluating & refining, self/peer reflection. Planning a photoshoot, sourcing materials, sketching ideas (storyboards), annotating work as it progresses.	The Formal Elements. AO3 recording: Line, Tone & Colour, Space, Form, Shape & Pattern through photography. AO1 analysing photographers use of the formal elements and creating personal responses. Karl Blossfeldt Robert Mapplethorpe Edward Weston Imogen Cunningham Aaron Siskind Jerome Tina Modotti Walker Evans Paul Strand William Eggleston. Final piece planning, presentation of sketchbook, keeping a visual record of ideas as they develop.	Natural Forms. Artist analysis of Edward Weston Karl Blossfeldt, monochromatic photography, focus on shape and form, experimentation with long exposure, natural light & artificial light.	Students will continue to develop critical and contextual analysis of appropriate sources. Students continue to keep a visual record of ideas as they develop.	Combination of interpretations. Development of ideas. Experimentation of media. Final piece plan & a final piece in exam conditions: 10 hrs. Written Evaluation. Extension work opportunities provided for students who progress their ideas thoroughly and with pace: • an idea, to conduct further research and study of relevant sources • a singular outcome into a "series"

	SKILLS	Basic use of camera controls, vocabulary and photographic principles. Camera aperture: position and point of focus to control depth of field, camera shutter speed, composition, uploading, editing & printing images, contact sheets.	Understanding DIRT (Direct Improvement & Reflection Time), how to reflect, refine & improve work to show progress. Using visual and tactile elements such as: line, shape, form, tone, texture, shape, pattern, colour.	How to combine a range of interpretations, experimenting with different materials, reflecting, planning, managing time, developing final piece ideas, realisation of project, Evaluation.	Students will continue to show understanding & development of their photography skill & techniques including shape and form, long exposure, use of natural & artificial light.	Students will develop skills in presenting work in their sketchbook, developing their planning abilities, exploring and refining their ideas through trial and experimentation, recording their ideas, insights and observations about others and their own work with relevant written annotation. They should exploit opportunities to alter images, as a process of refinement and experimentation to support coverage of AO2 and AO3.	an idea, by incorporating additional areas of camera or manipulation skills. How to combine a range of interpretations, experimenting with different materials, reflecting, planning, managing time, developing final piece ideas, realisation of project.
Food Prep & Nutrition	KNOWLEDGE	Nutritional needs and health The reasons why food is cooked • the different methods of heat transfer the scientific principles underlying these processes when preparing and cooking food •	Microorganisms in food production The signs of food spoilage Microorganisms and enzymes Buying and storing food Functional and chemical properties of foods	Factors affecting food choice. British and international cuisines Religion Food labelling Pasta origins and types Bread sweet and savoury	Environmental impact and sustainability of food Food processing and production Technological developments to support better health and food production including fortification and modified foods with health benefits and the effect of these.	The importance of sensory evaluation Industrial use of testing methods. Analysing and evaluating Product development Using data to support evidence - preparation for NEA1	Practice Nea1 10 hour summative Function and science investigation Practice NEA2 Student initiated practice coursework in line with AQA choices

	SKILLS	The working characteristics, functional and chemical properties off foods. Selection of appropriate preparation, cooking methods and times to achieve desired characteristics. • Consideration of the nutritional needs and food choices when selecting recipes, including when making decisions about the ingredients, processes, cooking methods and portion sizes. • To plan, prepare, cook, modify, and create recipes to meet different dietary groups and life stages	• the different sources of bacterial contamination • the main types of bacteria which cause food poisoning • the main sources and methods of control of different food poisoning bacteria types • the general symptoms of food poisoning. Understanding the effects of enzymes	• physical activity level (PAL) & BASAL calories and calorie rich foods • celebration/occasion • cost of food • preferences • enjoyment • food availability • healthy eating • income • lifestyles • seasonality • time of day • time available to prepare/ cook. Students should have the opportunity to prepare and cook recipes from a range of countries and cuisines, using different equipment and cooking methods. • Skills demonstrated will be relevant to the task selected and demonstrate food preparation and cooking skills. Home made past – hand formed & machined Bread methods, types, cooking methods. Science of bread	where and how ingredients are grown, reared and caught Environmental issues associated with and the impact of food and food security on local and global markets and communities. primary and secondary stages of processing and production. how processing affects the sensory and nutritional properties of ingredients sell buy and use by cheese/yogurt making	Modifying recipes tailored to needs: reduced sugar, fat Baking to replace frying monitoring effects recording as a profile (grading, panel testing) Making food presentabledecoration, presentation, garnishingglazing, shaping, forming	Planning and preparing investigations ways of recording and presenting specialised knowledge through specific cooking experiments, trials and modifications Planning preparing and cooking a three dish meal from a historical AQA preset option choice Several dishes cooked at once to dovetail and create a plan analyse and evaluate
Music	KNOWLEDGE	Component 1 Understanding different genres in Music Explore different music from Baroque to Dance Music	Creating a product using different genres: Performance or compose different pieces based on different genres	Component 2 Music Skills Development Demonstrating professional and commercial skills for the music industry.	Component 2 Developing skills as a Applying development processes for music skills and techniques	Component 2 Developing performing skills Rehearsal techniques & Live performances	Component 2 Developing how to perform live or for a studio Developing ensemble and solo skills showcase

	KNOWLEDGE Twice a year: October release for December/January moderation (from 2023) February release for May/June moderation (from 2023)	Component 1: Exploring Music Products and Styles Explore music from BLUES to	Component 1: Exploring Music Products and Styles Research and create a portfolio on different styles of music Create a product	Component 1: Exploring Music Products and Styles Practical Exam Internally marked and moderated	Component 2: Music Skills Development	Component 1: Exploring Music Products and Styles	Component 1: Exploring Music Products and Styles	
	Skills	Research Independence Theory skills Listening Composing Performing	Research Independence Theory skills Listening Composing Performing	Reflective skills Composition Performing Communication Ensemble	Composition Performing Research/theory Ensemble Notation skills	Independence Theory skills Listening Composing Performing Communication	Solo/group performances, composition tasks and listening exercises	
Drama	KNOWLEDGE	Devi Begin looking at how to good piece of devising Theatre in Education. Int begin to formulate ideas 1:	o devise. What makes a ? Focus on Brecht and roduce real stimulus and so they're ready in year	Understanding of text, lea and the context o Context of social classes i	FIND ME Understanding of text, learning about the characters and the context of the performance. Context of social classes in Britain in 1970s What was happening in the economy in 1970s.		Scripted 2:22 A Ghost Story Learning a piece of script for performance, as well as understanding the context of the performance also. Possible script ideas: Bang out of Order, One Million to stop the traffic. Perform Mock Performances to visiting examiner. 1 lesson a week on written exam skills.	
	SKILLS	Creative ideas, inclus directing skills, teamwor taking. Pe (AO1, AO2,	rk, leadership skills, note	Revision, knowledge organisers, time management, organisation, note taking, (AO3, AO4) Memory skills, research skills, performance skills. (AO1, AO2)		Memory skills, research skills, performance skills. (AO1, AO2)		
Computer Science	KNOWLEDGE	Systems Architecture Memory Translators & Facilities Computational Logic Programming Techniques	Algorithms Producing Robust Programs Programming techniques	Storage (1.5) Systems Software (1.3) Network Topologies Programming Techniques	(1.3) Wired & Wireless Networks, Protocols & Layers Data Representation (2.1/2.2) Programming Techniques	Programming Development Programming Skills Audit	Mini Programming Project	
Compute	SKILLS	Analyse performance Calculate storage requirements Solve Boolean equations Truth Tables	Read/write/understan d flow charts Read/write/understan d pseudocode Use variables, constants, assignment,	Analyses software requirements Analyse network requirements/performan ce/components	Analyse network topologies. Compare and contrast topologies. Convert binary to denary Convert Binary to Hexadecimal	Condition controlled iteration Counter controlled iteration Arrays Sub programs	Variables, constants, operators, inputs, outputs and assignments sequence selection	

		Draw logic Circuits	conditional statements, etc	Compare and contrast network types/media/performanc e/advantages	Calculate file sizes	Reading/write files	iteration
Business	KNOWLEDGE	Course introduction Topic 1.1 Enterprise and entrepreneurship 1.1.1 The dynamic nature of business 1.1.2 Risk and reward 1.1.3 The role of business enterprise Topic 1.2 Spotting a business opportunity 1.2.1 Customer needs 1.2.2 Market research	1.2.2Market research 1.2.3Market segmentation 1.2.4 The competitive environment Topic 1.3 Putting a business idea into practice 1.3.1Business aims and objectives 1.3.2.Business revenues, costs and profits 1.3.2Business revenues, costs, and profits 1.3.2Business revenues, costs, and profits 1.3.4Sources of business finance	Topic 1.4 Making the business effective 1.4.1 The options for start-up and small businesses 1.4.2Business location 1.4.3The marketing mix 1.4.4 Business plans	Topic 1.5 Understanding external influences on business 1.5.1 Business stakeholders 1.5.2 Technology and business 1.5.3 Legislation and business 1.5.4 The economy and business 1.5.5 External influences	Enhancement activity – Theme 1 Consolidation of topic content.	Exam skills. Consolidation of topic content and development of exam technique and skills.
	SKILLS	Key Skills:AO1 &AO2. Knowledge Identify Define. Complete the table Discuss Calculate	Key Skills:AO1 &AO2. Knowledge Identify Define. Complete the table Discuss Calculate Analyse	Key Skills:AO1 &AO2. Knowledge Identify Define. Complete the table Discuss Calculate Analyse	Key Skills:AO1 &AO2. Knowledge Identify Define. Complete the table Discuss Calculate Analyse Justify	Key Skills:AO1 &AO2, AO3. Knowledge Identify Define. Complete the table Discuss Calculate Analyse Justify Evaluate	Key Skills:AO1 &AO2, AO3. Knowledge Identify Define. Complete the table Discuss Calculate Analyse Justify Evaluate

	KNIOWIEDCE	Introducing Sociology	Families	Families	Education	Education	
	KNOWLEDGE	How do we define what	3.3.3 Conjugal role	3.3.6 Divorce	3.4.2 The relationship	3.4.4 Processes	Research Methods
		sociology is and what	relationships	Changes in the pattern of	between education and	within schools	Nesearch Methous
		do Sociologists study?	Different views of	divorce in Britain since	capitalism	WILLIIII SCHOOIS	Primary and
					'	December	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		How did sociology	conjugal role	1945 and the	Different views of the	Processes within	secondary sources
		develop?	relationships	consequences of divorce	correspondence principle	schools affecting	
		Looking at the world	2 2 4 0	for families	on the relationship	educational	Interpretation of
		through the eyes of a	3.3.4 Changing		between education and	achievement.	data
		sociologist.	relationships within		capitalism as developed		
		Key sociological	families	Education	from a Marxist perspective	Research Methods	Practical issues
		debates, issues and	Changing relationships	3.4.1 Roles and functions		How do sociologists	
		perspective	within families.	of education	3.4.3 Educational	conduct research?	Ethical issues
				Different views of the role	achievement		
		Families	3.3.5 Criticisms of	and functions of	Factors affecting	Research design	Revision for Year 10
>		3.3.1 Functions of	families	education.	educational achievement.		mock exam Paper 1
60		families	Different criticisms of			Qualitative and	(Families and
Sociology		Differing views of the	families			quantitative methods	Education including
Ċ.		functions of families.					research methods)
So						Different types of	
,		3.3.2 Family forms		6 weeks	5 ½ weeks	data	7 weeks
		How family forms differ					
		in the UK and within a	7 ½ weeks			6 weeks	
		global context.					
		8 weeks					
	SKILLS	Know and understand	Identify, describe and	Identify, describe and	Identify, describe and	Identify, describe and	Identify, describe
	01.11.20	key sociological terms;	explain the various	explain the changing	explain various factors	explain various	and explain various
		perspectives, concepts	family forms, including	within family	affecting educational	processes within	sociological
		and research methods	joint and segregated	relationships	achievement including	schools affecting	explanations of crime
			conjugal roles		class, gender and ethnicity	educational	and deviance.
		Identify, describe and		Identify and describe the		achievement	
		explain the functions of		functions of the		including, streaming,	Explain and evaluate
		families		education system		setting, mixed ability	various sociological
						teaching and labelling	explanations of crime
							and deviance
	KNOWLEDGE	Christian beliefs	Christian practices	Islamic beliefs	Islamic practices	Theme A - Religion	Theme B
	ATTO TTEED GE	Topics covered – The	Topics - Forms of	Topics covered - Six	Topics covered - Five	and families	Religion and life
NS		Origins of earth and	worship and work	articles of faith	pillars of Islam		
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<u> </u>	0141110		<u> </u>	AO1. Docalling the students	AO1. Docalling the students -	AO1. Da aallia a	AO1. Danallina
Ze Z	SKILLS	_				_	_
		knowledge and	evaluate aspects of	_	_	_	
1				analysing and evaluating	analysing and evaluating	understanding and	understanding and
Religious	SKILLS	the life of Jesus AO1: Recalling knowledge and	worsnip and work with the community AO2: Analyse and evaluate aspects of	AO1: Recalling knowledge and understanding and analysing and evaluating	AO1: Recalling knowledge and understanding and analysing and evaluating	AO1: Recalling knowledge and understanding and	AO1: Recalling knowledge and understanding and

		understanding of Christian beliefs Exam skills: Answering give and explain questions	religion and belief Christian practices Exam skills: Answering discuss questions	Exam skills: Answering give, explain and discuss questions	Exam skills: Answering give, explain and discuss questions	analysing and evaluating Exam skills: Answering give, explain and discuss	analysing and evaluating Exam skills: Answering give, explain and discuss
	KNOWLEDGE	Introduction to Citizenship GCSE Citizenship skills, processes and methods	Theme 1: Life in Modern Britain - Principles and values in British society - Identity	Theme 1: Life in Modern Britain - The media and free press - The UK's role in key international organisations - Making a difference in society	Theme 2: Rights and responsibilities - Laws in contemporary - Rights and responsibilities within the legal system	questions Theme 2: Rights and responsibilities - How laws protect the citizen and deal with criminals - Universal human rights - Bringing about change in the legal system	questions Theme 3: Politics and Participation - Political power in the UK - Local and devolved government -Voting systems
Citizenship	SKILLS	- Form their own hypotheses, create sustained and reasoned arguments - present their own and other viewpoints and represent the views of others formulate citizenship enquiries	- What are the principles and values that underpin British society? - What do we mean by identity? - What is the role of the media and the free press?	What is the UK's role in key international organisations? How can citizens make their voice heard and make a difference in society?	- What laws does a society require and why? - What are a citizen's rights and responsibilities within the legal system?	- How has the law developed over time, and how does the law protect citizens and deal with criminals? - What are the universal human rights and how do we protect them? - How do citizens play a part to bring about change in the legal system?	Where does political power reside in the UK and how is it controlled? - What are the powers of local and devolved government and how can citizens participate? - Where does political power reside: with the citizen, parliament or government? - How do others govern themselves?
Social	KNOWLEDGE	Human Lifestyle Development	Human Lifespan Development	Human Lifespan Development	Health and Social Care Services and Values	Health and Social Care Services and Values	Health and Social Care Services and Values
Health and		Learn different aspects of growth and development across the life stages using PIES (Physical,	Emotional development including bonding and attachment, independence and	Dealing with expected and unexpected life events that occur in an individual's life. Physical events include:	Health and social care services that are available to individuals and why they may be used e.g. primary, secondary and tertiary care.	Understanding barriers that can make accessing services difficult and	Students to practice applying the different care values that are key to the delivery of effective

how they are Intellectual, Emotional self-esteem, security, Allied health professionals health and social Accident/injury and Social). self-image. overcome. care services. such as speech and Ill health Main life stages: Social development language, physiotherapy, Physical barriers. Exploring all seven Relationship changes: Infants (birth to 2 years with the formation of dieticians. care values: Sensory barriers **Entering into** relationships with old). Social care services and **Empowering and** Language barriers relationships others and the how they meet the needs Early Childhood (3-8 promoting Geographical Marriage socialisation process. of the service user. independence by years) barriers. Divorce Services for children and involving individuals. Adolescence (9-18 Intellectual barriers Parenthood How various factors young people. Respect for the years) Financial barriers. Bereavement can affect an individual. Services for adults and or Early Adulthood (19-45 Life circumstances: individual's growth children with specific Maintaining vears) Moving house, school or and development? learning disabilities. confidentiality. Middle Adulthood(46job Physical factors The role of informal social Preserving the Exclusion from education include: care provided by relatives. dignity. Later Adulthood(65+ Redundancy Genetic inheritance friends and neighbours. Effective years) **Imprisonment** Experience of illness communication. Physical growth and Retirement and disease development across Diet and Lifestyle Looking at how the life stages, individuals can adapt to choices including gross and fine or be supported through motor skills, growth Appearance changes caused by life patterns, primary and Social and cultural events. secondary sexual factors include: How individuals adapt to characteristics, Culture menopause, loss of these changes? Educational mobility, muscle Sources of support: experiences tone/strength and skin Family, friends, partners. The influence of role elasticity. Professional carers and models Intellectual/cognitive services. The influence of social development across isolation Community groups, the life stages, voluntary and faith-based Personal relationships including language organisations. with friends and family development, problem Types of support: Economic factors: solving, Emotional. Income/wealth development/loss of Information and advice. memory and recall. Material possessions Practical help e.g. abstract and creative financial assistance, thinking. childcare, transport.

	SKILLS	Learning Aim evidence can be a written report, a power point presentation or evidence suited to the needs of the cohort.		Learning Aim B could include a presentation, display materials, report or a task that was suited for the cohort.	Learning Aim evidence could be a report to could be a report to could both parts of the task evidence that is suited the cohort.	ver or	Learning Aim B could include observational records, accompanied by a checklist of the values demonstrated, a written review of their own performance as well as some feedback or evidence suited for
							the cohort.
	KNOWLEDGE	Football			Ultimate Frisbee		
		Trampolining			Volleyball /badminton		
		Table tennis			Athletics		
	SKILLS						
PE							
PSHE	KNOWLEDGE	PSHE – Young people, crime and drugs unit 7 lessons	PSHE – Extremism - Understanding what causes extremism and how to overcome extremism 7 lessons	PSHE - Finance literacy unit 6 lessons	PSHE - Careers unit Exploring careers options, rights and responsibilities at work and understanding the role of trade unions 6 lessons	PSHE - Personal safety unit - including responsible online behaviour, gambling and first aid 6 lessons - shorter unit	PSHE - Cancer awareness + (RSE) Relationships and Sex Education Cancer awareness - What is cancer? RSE - lessons focusing on consent, contraception and STI's 7 lessons

Class discuss learning how controversia	v to discuss discuss controversial	Developing independence skills, planning for the future skills	Planning for the future skills and knowing your employment rights	Class discussions and developing skills at discussing sensitive issues	Health awareness, class discussions and developing skills at discussing sensitive topics